

How do you find or  
approximate the point of  
intersection of two lines  
without using a graph?

In this lesson you will learn to  
find the  $x$ -coordinate of the  
intersection of two equations by  
making a table.

## Let's Review

A **solution** is a value or set of values that make an equation true.

$$y = 2x$$

$$x=2, y=4 \quad \text{TRUE!}$$

$$x=4, y=8 \quad \text{TRUE!}$$

$$x=6, y=12 \quad \text{TRUE!}$$

## Let's Review

A **solution** to a system of equations is a value that makes both equations true.

$$(-1, -3)$$

$$y = -x - 4$$

$$-3 = -(-1) - 4$$

$$-3 = -3 \checkmark$$

$$y = 2x - 1$$

$$-3 = 2(-1) - 1$$

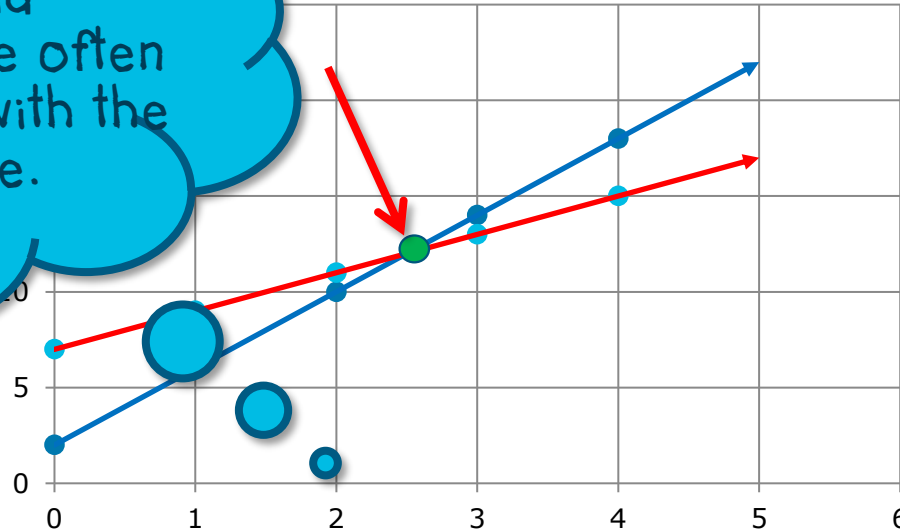
$$-3 = -2 - 1$$

$$-3 = -3 \checkmark$$

# Let's Review

The point where two lines intersect is a solution to both equations.

In real world problems, we are often only concerned with the x-coordinate.



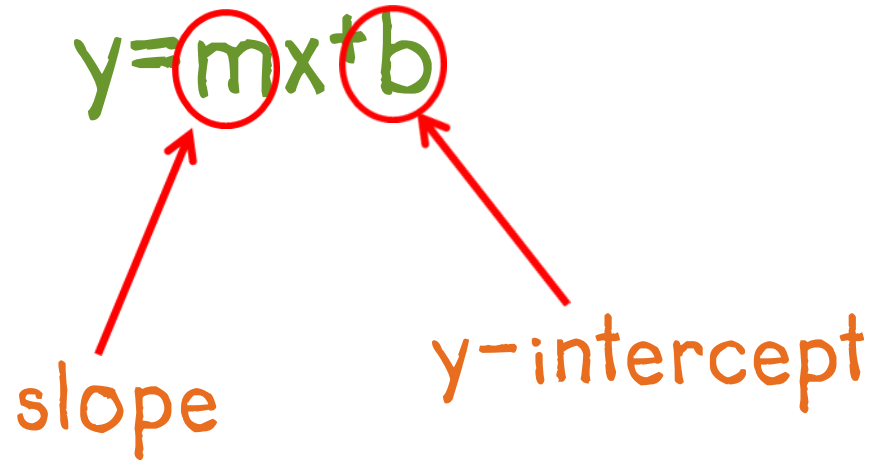
# Let's Review

slope-intercept form

$$y = mx + b$$

slope

y-intercept



# A Common Misunderstanding

Remember that in real-world problems, the **slope** of the equation is the amount that describes the rate of change, and the **y-intercept** is the amount that represents the initial value.

$$y = mx + b$$

A limo company charges a flat rate of \$50 plus an additional charge of \$25 per hour.

y-intercept

slope

$$y = \$50x + \$25$$

No!

$$y = \$25x + \$50$$



Yes!

Compare

We need to  
write 2  
equations!

cheese pizza at Paradise is  
\$6.80 plus \$0.90 for

slope

First we can  
identify our slope  
and y-intercept.

The cost of a large cheese pizza at Geno's Pizza  
is \$7.30 plus \$0.65 for each topping.

How many toppings need to be added to a large  
cheese pizza from Paradise and Geno's in order  
for the pizzas to cost the same, not including tax?

y-intercept

slope

$$\text{Paradise } y = .90x + 6.80$$

$$\text{Geno's } y = .65x + 7.30$$



# Core Lesson

Now we make a chart to organize our data!

$$x + 6.80$$

of toppings;  $y = \text{total}$

x	$y = .90x + 6.80$	y
0	$y = .90(0) + 6.80$	6.80
1	$y = .90(1) + 6.80$	7.70
2	$y = .90(2) + 6.80$	8.60

After adding two toppings, the pizzas will cost the same!

Get

We need two charts for two equations!

x	$y = .65x + 7.30$	y
0	$y = .65(0) + 7.30$	7.30
1	$y = .65(1) + 7.30$	7.95
2	$y = .65(2) + 7.30$	8.60

The pizzas cost the same!

In this lesson you have learned  
to find the  $x$ -coordinate of the  
intersection of two equations by  
making a table.