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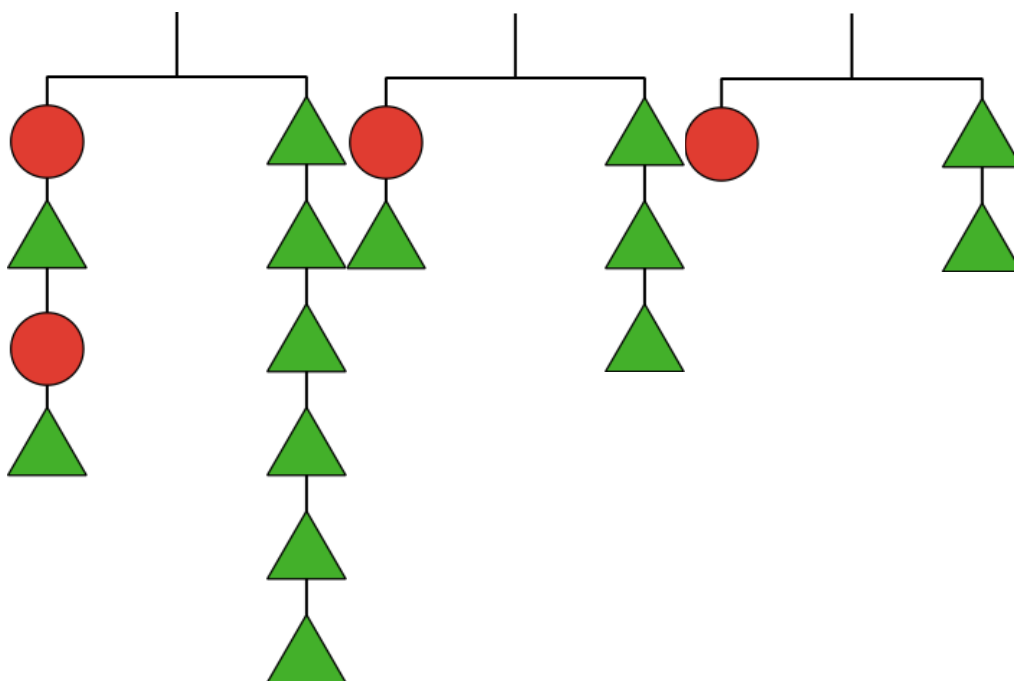
## Student Workbook

### Lesson 6: Equality Diagrams

Let's use hanger diagrams to understand equivalent equations.

#### 6.1 : Notice and Wonder: Solving Equations

What do you notice? What do you wonder?

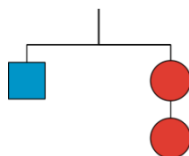


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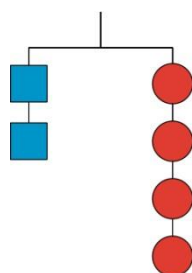
## 6.2 : Hanger Diagrams



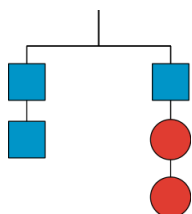
1.

The hanger with 1 square and 2 circles is in balance.  
Which of these should also be in balance? Explain your reasoning.

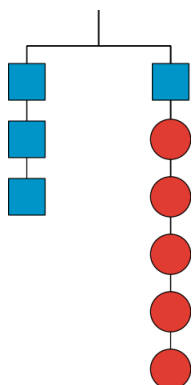
a.



b.



c.

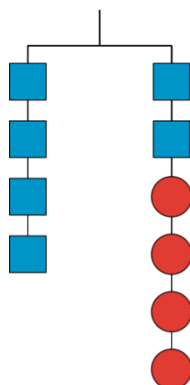


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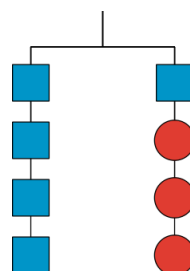
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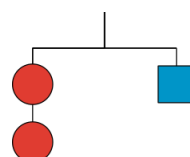
d.



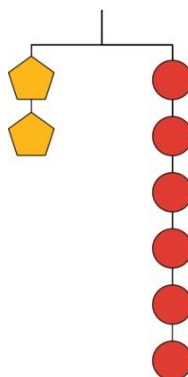
e.



f.



2. This hanger containing 2 pentagons and 6 circles is in balance. Use the hanger diagram to create two additional hangers that would be in balance.



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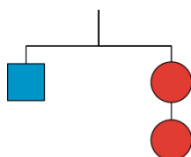
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### 6.3 : Diagrams and Equations

In the previous activity, each square weighs 10 pounds and each circle weighs  $x$  pounds.



So, this diagram could be represented by the equation.  $10 = 2x$

1. Use each of the 6 hanger diagrams containing squares and circles from the previous activity to write an equation that represents the weights on the hanger.

- a.

- b.

- c.

- d.

- e.

- f.

2. Solve each equation.

- a.

- b.

- c.

- d.

- e.

- f.

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3. Compare the solutions to the equations with the answers from the previous activity.  
What do you notice?